TABLES

TABLE 1
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT CHARACTERIZATION
PPG INC.
NATRIUM PLANT
NEW MARTINSVILLE, WEST VIRGINIA

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNII	SIZE (ft)	(1,000 ft ³)	DEPTH (ft)	WASTE DESCRIPTION ^a	NOTESª
Marshall Plant Pond	275 x 220	485	-8	 Ferric chloride (FeCL₄) 2,760,000 pounds Chlorinated benzenes and tar Metals (Fe, Mn, Mg, Zn Cd, Cu, V, Cr) Tracifier waste Halogenated aliphatics Inorganic salts CCl₄ 	 Walls and bottom constructed of local clay Received waste from Chlor-alkali plant Chlorinated benzene plant Titanium tetrochloride plant Closure in 1979-80 six to eight-inch clay Includes concrete material under clay layer Ponds in area of silty clay soil
Inorganics Waste Pond	225 x 140	190	6	• BaCO ₃ • BaSO ₄ • Fe ₂ O ₃ • SiO ₂	 Walls and bottom of earthern material Received wastewater and sludge from barium oxide plant Closure in 1980, six to eightinch clay and soil Located near ground water divide produced by pumping (1985 data) Pond in area of suspected fill material
Barium Waste Landfill	200 x 200	150	-4	• BaCO ₃ • BaSO ₄ • Fe ₂ O ₃ • SiO ₂	 Constructed of local top soil and clay Received solid wastes from barium plant Closure in 1980; six-inch soil cover

TABLE 1 (Continued)

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT	SIZE (ft)	VOLUME (1,000 ft ³)	DEPTH (ft)		WASTE DESCRIPTION ^a	NOTESª
BHC Waste Pile	75 x 150	50	~20	•	Benzene hexachloride isomers (a, b, q, BHC) Chlorinated organic solvents (trace)	 Open waste pile on soil or fill Received waste product from BHC plant Material shipped off site in 1977 No formal closure
Fly Ash Landfill	300 x 1,800	4,725	711	•	BaSO ₄ BaCO ₃ Fe ₂ O ₃ SiO ₂	 Constructed with clay bottom and dikes Received: Bottom ash prior to 1975 Fly and bottom ash since 1975 Progressive closure as areas become filled Periodic barium waste deposited in southern tracts Closure consists of six-inch soil and grass Landfill constructed in area of clay approximately 20 feet thick Scrap metal may be present
Sanitary Landfill	1,100 x 500	5,500	-	• 0	eneral trash and rubbish Demolition debris Construction refuse	 Constructed in sandy-clay loam material Three separate cells; two closed Class III nonchemical landfill
Mercury Wastewater Tanks	-	-	-		lercuric sulfide lercuric chloride	 Consists of three tanks and treatment system Treatment results in insoluble ground mercuric sulfide which is disposed off site Mercury has been detected in nearby monitoring wells

^dInformation based on 1985 and 1986 submittals by PPG to U.S. FPA.

TABLE 2

MONITORING WELL AND GROUND WATER ELEVATIONS PPG, INC.

NATRIUM CHEMICAL PLANT NEW MARTINSVILLE, WEST VIRGINIA

WELL NO.	ELEVATION OF TOP OF PVC (ft above MSL)	DEPTH TO WATER FROM TOP OF PVC (ft) (9-28-81)	DEPTH TO WATER FROM TOP OF PVC (ft) (4-13-89)	WATER TABLE ELEVATION (9-28-81) (ft above MSL)	WATER TABLE ELEVATION (4-13-89) (ft above MSL)
MW-1	690.99	36.19	37.25	654.80	653.74
MW-2	687.44	77.17	72.96	610.27	614.48
MW-3	640.30	19.92	NA	620.38	NA
4	637.16	17.53	18.42	619.63	618.74
MW-5	629.57	7.43	4.92	622.14	624.65
MW-6	646.89	36.16	33.71	610.73	613.18
MW-7	654.58	45.91	40.96	608.67	613.62
MW-8	657.86	48.85	44.04	609.01	613.82
MW-9	668.46	58.97	54.00	609.49	614.46
MW-10	673.59	63.71	58.88	609.85	614.71
MW-11	671.56	61.12	56.67	610.44	614.89
MW-12	673.02	62.08	57.92	610.94	615.10
MW-13	667.56	55.28	51.42	612.28	616.14
MW-14	649.10	36.00	32.71	613.10	616.39
15	646.01	33.75	28.62	612.26	617.39
MW-16	640.18	27.75	24.20	612.43	615.98
MW-17	641.85	29.66	25.50	612.19	616.35
MW-18	641.87	28.36	25.23	613.51	616.64
MW-19	667.92	56.36	52.29	611.56	615.63
MW-30	657.42	NA	44.04	NA	613.38
MW-31	674.28	NA	60.54	NA	613.74
MW-32	658.86	NA	45.67	NA	613.19
MW-33	667.61	NA	54.08	NA	613.53
Ohio River	NA	NA	NA	624.00 (est.)	620.10

TABLE 3

PRODUCTION WELL
PUMPING RATES
APRIL 13, 1989
PPG, INC.

NATRIUM CHEMICAL PLANT NEW MARTINSVILLE, WEST VIRGINIA

	,
WELL NO.	PUMPIN RATE (gpm)
5	230
18	310
19	50
28	110
33	?
38	400
41	110
43	200
50	220
51	225
53	220
55	450
57	375
58	180
59	440
NH3-1	400
NH3-2	300
NH3-3	200

TABLE 4
WATER AND SOIL SAMPLE SUMMARY FOR EACH SWMU

	NO. OF	SAMPLES	
SWMU			TOTAL
	WATER	SOIL	
Marshall Plant Pond	4	_	4
Inorganics Waste Pond	3	, -	3
Barium Waste Landfill	4	-	4
BHC Waste Pile	3	-	3
Fly Ash Landfill	5	-	5
Sanitary Landfill	2	-	2
Mercury Wastewater Tanks	4	9	13
TOTALS	25	9	34

Note: For a list of specific analytical parameters for each SWMU, see Table 5.

TABLE 5

U.S. EPA-REQUESTED PARAMETERS FOR GROUND WATER ANALYSIS PPG, INC. NATRIUM PLANT NEW MARTINSVILLE, WEST VIRGINIA

SWMU

U.S. EPA-REQUESTED PARAMETERS

Marshall Plant Pond

Inorganics: Organics:

Cd, As, Cr, Chloroform

Methylene chloride Carbon tetrachloride Trichloroethane

Benzene

Trichloroethylene Tetrachloroethylene

m-, p-, and o-dichlorobenzene

Trichlorobenzene
Benz(a)anthracene
Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Benzo(a)pyrene

Chlorinated naphthalene

Chlorobenzene

Dibenz(a,h)anthracene

7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene

3-Methylcholanthrene

Naphthalene Fluoranthene

Inorganics Waste

Pond

Inorganics:

Organics:

As, Ba, Cr, Fe, Pb, Hg, Se Total organic carbon (TOC) Total organic halogen (TOX)

Barium Waste

Landfill

Inorganics:

Pb, Ba

Organics:

Total organic carbon (TOC)

Benzene

Pb

Carbon tetrachloride

BHC Waste Pile

Inorganics:

Organics:

Chloroform

Carbon tetrachloride trans-1,2-dichloroethylene

Bromo dichloromethane Trichloroethylene Tetrachloroethylene

Benzene

TABLE 5 (Continued)

SWMU

U.S. EPA-REQUESTED PARAMETERS

Fly Ash Landfill

Inorganics: Ba, Fe, Sulfate

Total alkalinity

pH

Sanitary Landfill

Organics: Chloroform

Methylene chloride Carbon tetrachloride

Trichloroethane

Benzene

Trichloroethylene Tetrachloroethylene

m-, p-, and 0-dichlorobenzene

Mercury Wastewater

Inorganics: Hga

Tanks

^aSix soil samples collected from boreholes drilled for the installation of monitoring wells at this SWMU will also be analyzed for the presence of mercury.

TABLE 6 ANALYTICAL DETECTION METHODS

PARAMETER

METHOD

Ground Water

Metals

Arsenic	U.S. EPA 206.2
Barium	U.S. EPA 200.7
Cadmium	U.S. EPA 200.7
Lead	U.S. EPA 200.7 or 239.2
Mercury	U.S. EPA 245.1
Selenium	U.S. EPA 270.2
Total Chromium	SW846 7190
Iron	SW846 7380

Total Metal Digestion CLP SOW 7/88

Organics

Volatiles	SW846	8240
Semivolatiles	SW846	8270

General Chemistry

Sulfate	SW846 9038
TOC	SW846 9060
TOX	SW846 9020
Alkalinity	U.S. EPA 310.1

Soils

Metals

Arsenic	SW846	7060
Mercury	SW846	7470

TABLE 7
ANALYTICAL DETECTION LIMITS

PARAMETER	DETECTION LIMIT GROUND WATER (µg/2) ^a	DETECTION LIMIT SOIL (mg/kg) ^b
Arsenic Barium Cadmium	10 200	1
Chromium Lead	5 10 5	
Mercury Selenium	0.2	1
Benzene Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene	5 5 5 5 5	
Chloroform m-dichlorobenzene p-dichlorobenzene	5 10 10	
o-dichlorobenzene Fluoranthene Methylene chloride	10 10 5	
Naphthalene Trichlorobenzene	10 10	
Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Tetrachloroethylene	5 5 5 5	
Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Bromo dichloromethane	5	
Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(a)pyrene	10 10 10	
Chlorinated naphthalene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	10 10	
7,12-dimethylbenz(a)anthracene 3-methylcholanthrene	10 10	

 $a_{\mu g/\ell}$ = Micrograms per liter or parts per billion.

bmg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram or parts per million.

TABLE 8

SIGNIFICANT POTENTIAL CONTAMINANTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS

SITE

CONTAMINANTS

Marshall Plant Waste

Pond

Ferric Chloride Chlorobenzene

o,m,p-Dichlorobenzene Trichlorobenzene

Benzene Chloroform

Carbon tetrachloride Methylene chloride Trichloroethylene Tetrachloroethylene

Tetrachloroethane Vanadium Cadmium

Chromium Lead

BHC Waste Pile

Benzene hexachloride isomers

Lindane (gamma-benzene hexachloride)

Benzene

Chlorobenzene

o,m,p-Dichlorobenzene

Chloroform

Carbon tetrachloride Perchloroethylene Trichloroethylene

Mercury Wastewater Tanks

Mercury - elemental Mercuric sulfide Mercuric chloride

Barium Waste Pond

Barium carbonate Barium sulfate

Inorganics Waste Pond

Barium carbonate Barium sulfate

Fly Ash Landfill

Barium carbonate Barium sulfate

Sanitary Landfill

Methane

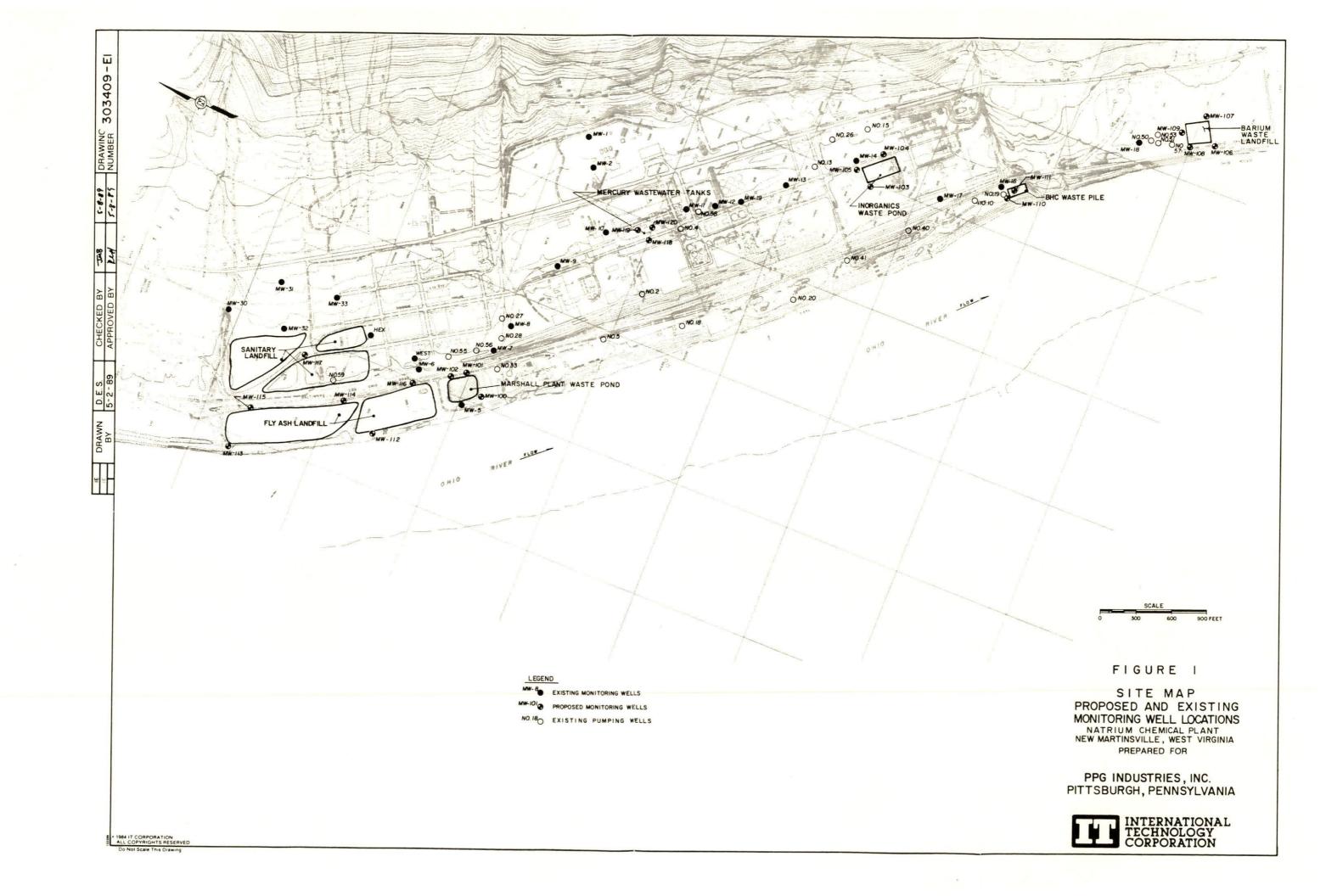
TABLE 9

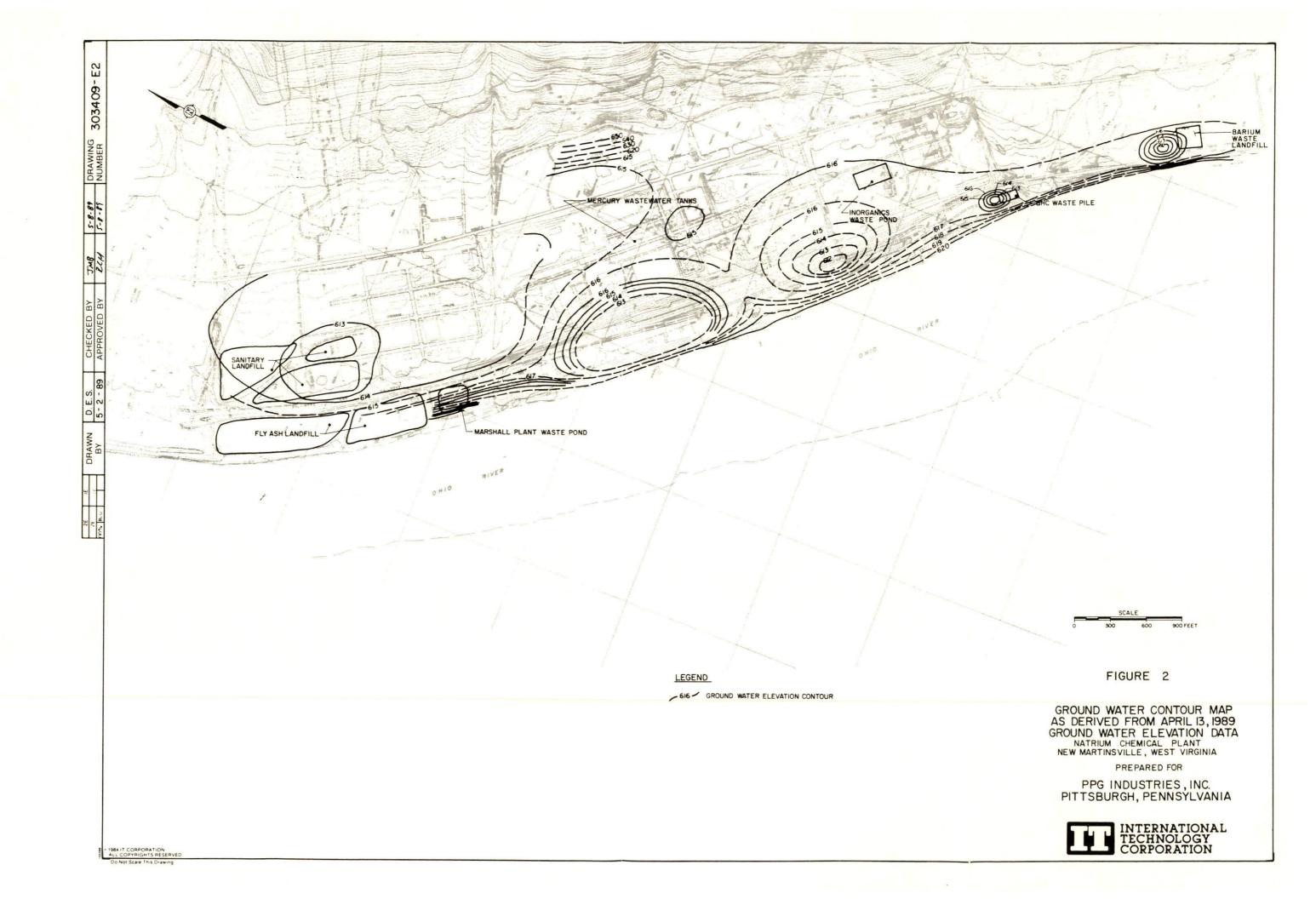
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS AND DRAEGER INDICATOR TUBES

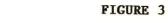
COMPOUND	ACIGH TLV (ppm)	DRAEGER TUBE TO BE USED
-		
Benzene	1ª	Benzene 0.5/a
Carbon tetrachloride	5	Carbon tetrachloride 5/c
Chlorobenzene	75	Chlorobenzene 5/a
Chloroform	10	Chloroform 2/a
o-Dichlorobenzene	50	Chlorobenzene 5/a
p-Dichlorobenzene	75	Chlorobenzene 5/a
Methylene chloride	50	Methylene chloride 100/a
Tetrachloroethylene	50	Trichloroethylene 2/a
1,1,1-Trichoroethane	350	Trichloroethylene 2/a
Trichloroethylene	50	Trichloroethylene 2/a
Trichlorobenzene	5	Chlorobenzene 5/a

 $^{^{}m a}{
m OSHA}$ Permissible Exposure Limit.

FIGURES









VISUAL CLASSIFICATION OF SOILS

	CINUN	MBER:		PROJECT NAME:					
BORIN	G NUME	STREET, STREET		COORDINATES:				DATE:	
ELEVATION:		GWL: Depth	Date/Ti	me			TARTED:		
		OLOGIS	т:	Depth	Date/Ti				OMPLETED:
	NG MET							PAGE	OF
						T			
DEPTH (SAMPLE TYPE & NO.	BLOWS ON SAMPLER PER '	RECOVERY ()	DESCRIPTION		USCS SYMBOL	MEASURED CONSISTENCY (TSF)	WELL	REMARKS
OTES									

FIGURE 4

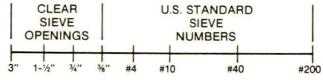
CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS

CONSISTENCY	UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS PER SQUARE FOOT) LESS THAN 0.25				
VERY SOFT					
SOFT	0.25 to 0.50				
MEDIUM STIFF	0.50 to 1.0				
STIFF	1.0 TO 2.0				
VERY STIFF	2.0 TO 4.0				
HARD	MORE THAN 4.0				

DENSITY OF GRANULAR SOILS

DENSITY	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE®
VERY LOOSE	0 - 4
LOOSE	5 - 10
MEDIUM DENSE	11 - 30
DENSE	31 - 50
VERY DENSE	OVER 50

(1) STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE IS THE NUMBER OF BLOWS REQUIRED TO DRIVE A 2-INCH O.D. SPLIT BARREL SAMPLER 12 INCHES USING A 140-POUND HAMMER FALLING FREELY THROUGH 30 INCHES. THE SAMPLER IS DRIVEN 18 INCHES AND THE NUMBER OF BLOWS RECORDED FOR EACH 6-INCH INTERVAL. THE SUMMATION OF THE FINAL TWO INTERVALS IS THE STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE.



1000. 100 10. 10 01 001 00001 00001

GRAIN SIZE IN MM

COBBLES	GRAVEL			SAND		
	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	SILT AND CLAY

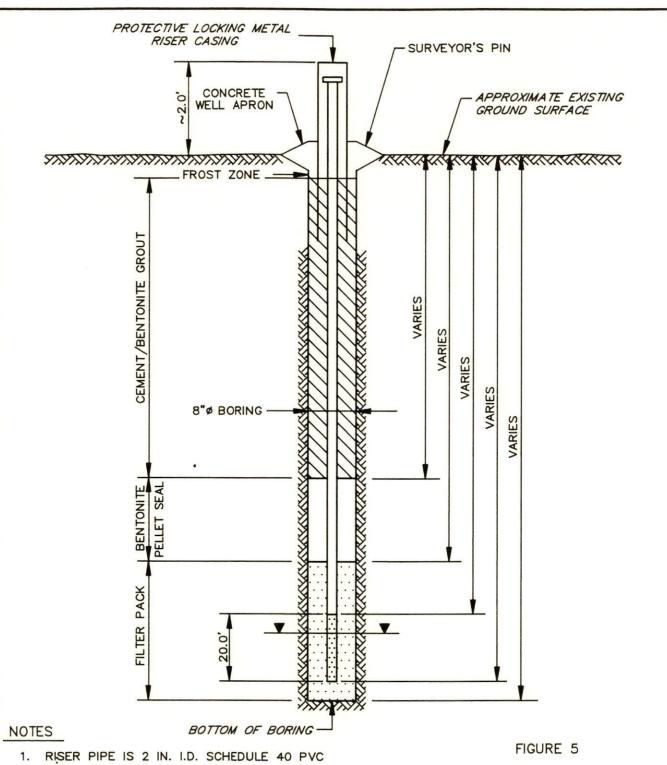
USCS CLASSIFICATION FOR SOILS

COARSE-GRAINED SOILS

	-	NAME OF TAXABLE PROPERTY O
CLEAN GRAVELS	GW	WELL-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES
(LITTLE OR NO FINES)	GP	POORLY-GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES
GRAVELS WITH FINES	GM	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURES
(APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)	GC	CLAYEY GRAVELS GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES
CLEAN SANDS	SW	WELL-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES
LITTLE OR NO FINES)	SP	POORLY-GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES
SANDS WITH FINES	SM	SILTY SANDS, SAND-SILT MIXTURES
(APPRECIABLE AMOUNT OF FINES)	SC	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND—CLAY MIXTURES

FINE GRAINED/HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS

SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT (LESS THAN 50)	ML	INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS. ROCK FLOUR. SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY			
	CL	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS			
	OL	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY			
SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT (GREATER THAN 50)	мн	INORGANIC SILTS. MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS			
	СН	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS			
	ОН	ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS			
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS	PT	PEAT, HUMUS, SWAMP SOILS WITH HIGH ORGANIC CONTENTS			



PIPE, THREADED, FLUSH-JOINTED.

- 2. SCREEN IS 2 IN. I.D. PVC PIPE CONTINUOUS SLOT SCREEN (0.010 IN. SLOT SIZE).
- 3. LOWER END OF SCREEN IS CAPPED.
- MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BENTONITE PLUG IS 2.0'.
- 5. FILTER PACK TO EXTEND 2 FEET OR LESS ABOVE TOP OF SCREEN
- CONCRETE WELL APRON WILL EXTEND A MINIMUM OF 3 FEET AND WILL HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4"; CONCRETE WILL BE PLACED TO BELOW THE FROST LINE

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"NOT TO SCALE"

TYPICAL INSTALLATION DETAILS MONITORING WELL NATRIUM CHEMICAL PLANT

PREPARED FOR

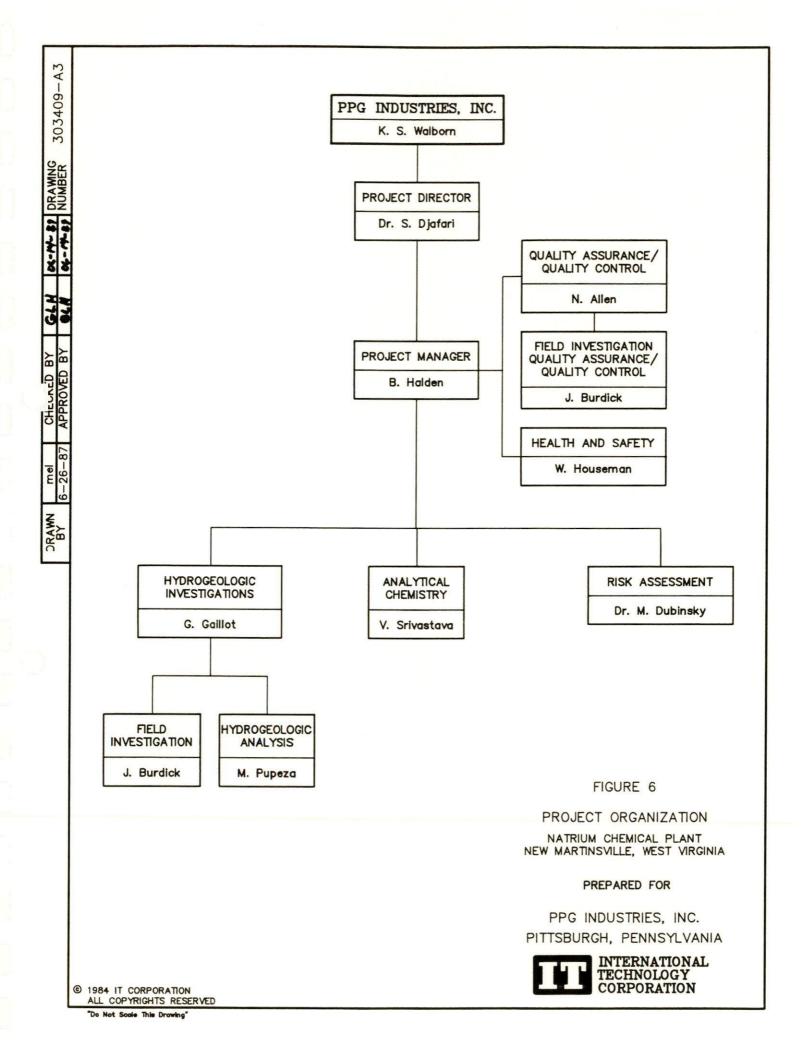
PPG INDUSTRIES, INC. NEW MARTINSVILLE, WEST VIRGINIA



INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

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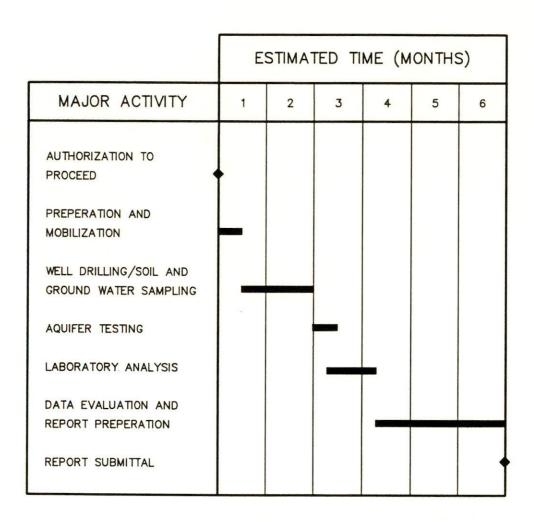


FIGURE 7

VERIFICATION INVESTIGATION PROJECT SCHEDULE

NATRIUM CHEMICAL PLANT NEW MARTINSVILLE, WEST VIRGINIA

PREPARED FOR

PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA



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